

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 3106

To require the approval of Congress before explosive nuclear testing may
be resumed.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 5, 2025

Ms. CORTEZ MASTO (for herself, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. HEINRICH, and
Mr. KELLY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and re-
ferred to the Committee on Armed Services

A BILL

To require the approval of Congress before explosive nuclear
testing may be resumed.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “No Nuclear Testing
5 Without Approval Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. REQUIREMENT FOR APPROVAL OF CONGRESS FOR**
7 **CONDUCT OF EXPLOSIVE NUCLEAR TESTING.**

8 Section 4210(a) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act
9 (50 U.S.C. 2530(a)) is amended to read as follows:

10 “(a) EXPLOSIVE NUCLEAR TESTING.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—No explosive nuclear test-
2 ing may be conducted by the United States after the
3 date of the enactment of the No Nuclear Testing
4 Without Approval Act unless—

5 “(A)(i) a foreign state conducts an explo-
6 sive nuclear test after that date; or

7 “(ii) there is a technical need for such test-
8 ing;

9 “(B) not less than 180 days before the
10 date proposed to conduct such testing, the
11 President submits to Congress a notification de-
12 scribed in paragraph (2) with respect to such
13 testing; and

14 “(C) a joint resolution approving the test-
15 ing with respect to which the notification is
16 submitted under subparagraph (B) is enacted
17 into law—

18 “(i) in the case of testing proposed to
19 be conducted after a foreign state conducts
20 an explosive nuclear test—

21 “(I) without use of expedited pro-
22 cedures under paragraph (3); but

23 “(II) requiring, for passage in
24 the Senate, the affirmative vote of

1 two-thirds of Senators, duly chosen
2 and sworn; or

3 “(ii) in the case of testing proposed to
4 be conducted because there is a technical
5 need for such testing, pursuant to para-
6 graph (3).

7 “(2) NOTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A notification de-
9 scribed in this paragraph with respect to a pro-
10 posal to conduct explosive nuclear testing shall
11 include—

12 “(i) a description of the testing pro-
13 posed to be conducted;

14 “(ii) a statement of the reasons for
15 conducting the testing, including—

16 “(I) whether or not there is a
17 technical need for conducting the test-
18 ing;

19 “(II) if there is a technical need
20 for conducting the testing—

21 “(aa) a description of the
22 technical need;

23 “(bb) an assessment of al-
24 ternative options for addressing
25 the need;

1 “(cc) an explanation of why
2 those options were not selected;
3 and

4 “(dd) a description of en-
5 gagement with the Governor of
6 the State in which explosive nu-
7 clear testing would occur; and

8 “(III) if the reason for con-
9 ducting the testing is in response to a
10 geopolitical event under the responsi-
11 bility of the President acting as the
12 Commander in Chief of the Armed
13 Forces, a detailed explanation of why
14 the testing would be in the supreme
15 national interest of the United States;

16 “(iii) an estimate of the timelines and
17 costs of conducting the testing; and

18 “(iv) any other information the Presi-
19 dent considers relevant.

20 “(B) FORM.—A notification described in
21 subparagraph (A) shall be submitted in unclas-
22 sified form but may include a classified annex.

23 “(3) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL FOR EX-
24 PLOSIVE NUCLEAR TESTING FOR WHICH THERE IS A
25 TECHNICAL NEED.—

“(A) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL
 DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term ‘joint
 resolution of approval’ means a joint resolution
 of either House of Congress the sole matter
 after the resolving clause of which is the fol-
 lowing: ‘Congress approves of the proposal of
 the President to conduct explosive nuclear test-
 ing for which there is a technical need, notice
 of which was submitted to Congress under sec-
 tion 4210(a) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act
 (50 U.S.C. 2530(a)) on _____.’, with the
 blank space being filled with the appropriate
 date.

“(B) INTRODUCTION; REFERRAL.—A joint
 resolution of approval—

“(i) may be introduced in either
 House by any member; and

“(ii) shall be referred—

“(I) in the Senate, to the Com-
 mittee on Armed Services of the Sen-
 ate; and

“(II) in the House of Represent-
 atives, to the Committee on Armed
 Services of the House of Representa-
 tives.

1 “(C) CONSIDERATION IN HOUSE OF REP-
2 REPRESENTATIVES.—

3 “(i) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—

4 The Committee on Armed Services of the
5 House of Representatives shall report a
6 joint resolution of approval to the House
7 not later than 60 calendar days after the
8 date of receipt of the notification sub-
9 mitted under paragraph (1)(B). If the
10 committee fails to report the joint resolu-
11 tion within that period, the committee shall
12 be discharged from further consideration
13 of the joint resolution and the joint resolu-
14 tion shall be referred to the appropriate
15 calendar.

16 “(ii) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDER-
17 ATION.—After the Committee on Armed
18 Services of the House of Representatives
19 reports the joint resolution of approval to
20 the House or has been discharged from its
21 consideration, it shall be in order, not later
22 than the 120th day after Congress receives
23 the notification submitted under paragraph
24 (1)(B), to move to proceed to consider the
25 joint resolution in the House. All points of

order against the motion are waived. Such a motion shall not be in order after the House has disposed of a motion to proceed on the joint resolution. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to its adoption without intervening motion. The motion shall not be debatable. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

“(iii) CONSIDERATION.—The joint resolution of approval shall be considered as read. All points of order against the joint resolution and against its consideration are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to its passage without intervening motion except 24 hours of debate equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent. A motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the joint resolution shall not be in order.

“(D) CONSIDERATION IN SENATE.—

“(i) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—
The Committee on Armed Services of the

1 Senate shall report a joint resolution of ap-
2 proval to the Senate not later than 60 cal-
3 endar days after the date of receipt of the
4 notification submitted under paragraph
5 (1)(B). If the committee fails to report the
6 joint resolution within that period, the
7 committee shall be discharged from further
8 consideration of the joint resolution and
9 the joint resolution shall be placed on the
10 Calendar of Business.

11 “(ii) FLOOR CONSIDERATION.—

12 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Notwith-
13 standing Rule XXII of the Standing
14 Rules of the Senate, it is in order at
15 any time after the Committee on
16 Armed Services reports a joint resolu-
17 tion of approval or is discharged from
18 consideration of a joint resolution of
19 approval to move to proceed to the
20 consideration of the joint resolution,
21 and all points of order against the
22 motion to proceed to the joint resolu-
23 tion (and against consideration of the
24 joint resolution) are waived. The mo-
25 tion to proceed is not debatable. The

1 motion is not subject to a motion to
2 postpone. A motion to reconsider the
3 vote by which the motion is agreed to
4 or disagreed to shall not be in order.
5 If a motion to proceed to the consider-
6 ation of the resolution is agreed to,
7 the joint resolution shall remain the
8 unfinished business until disposed of.

9 “(II) CONSIDERATION.—Consid-
10 eration of a joint resolution of ap-
11 proval, and on all debatable motions
12 in connection therewith, shall be lim-
13 ited to not more than 10 hours, which
14 shall be divided equally between the
15 majority and minority leaders or their
16 designees. A motion further to limit
17 debate is in order and not debatable.
18 An amendment to, a motion to post-
19 pone, or a motion to proceed to the
20 consideration of other business, or a
21 motion to recommit the joint resolu-
22 tion is not in order.

23 “(III) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The
24 vote on passage shall occur imme-
25 diately following the conclusion of the

1 debate on a joint resolution of ap-
 2 proval, and a single quorum call at
 3 the conclusion of the debate if re-
 4 quested in accordance with the rules
 5 of the Senate. Passage of the joint
 6 resolution shall require the affirmative
 7 vote of two-thirds of Senators, duly
 8 chosen and sworn.

9 “(IV) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR
 10 ON PROCEDURE.—Appeals from the
 11 decisions of the Chair relating to the
 12 application of the rules of the Senate,
 13 as the case may be, to the procedure
 14 relating to a joint resolution of ap-
 15 proval shall be decided without de-
 16 bate.

17 “(E) RULES RELATING TO SENATE AND
 18 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

19 “(i) COORDINATION WITH ACTION BY
 20 OTHER HOUSE.—If, before the passage by
 21 one House of a joint resolution of that
 22 House, that House receives from the other
 23 House a joint resolution of approval that is
 24 identical to the joint resolution of the

1 House receiving the resolution, then the
2 following procedures shall apply:

3 “(I) The joint resolution of the
4 other House shall not be referred to a
5 committee.

6 “(II) With respect to a joint res-
7 olution of the House receiving the res-
8 olution—

9 “(aa) the procedure in that
10 House shall be the same as if no
11 joint resolution had been received
12 from the other House; but

13 “(bb) the vote on passage
14 shall—

15 “(AA) require the af-
16 firmative vote of two-thirds
17 of Senators, duly chosen and
18 sworn, for passage; and

19 “(BB) be on the joint
20 resolution of the other
21 House.

22 “(ii) TREATMENT OF JOINT RESOLU-
23 TION OF OTHER HOUSE.—If one House
24 fails to introduce or consider a joint resolu-
25 tion under this section, the joint resolution

1 of the other House shall be entitled to ex-
 2 pedited floor procedures under this para-
 3 graph.

4 “(iii) TREATMENT OF COMPANION
 5 MEASURES.—If, following passage of the
 6 joint resolution in the Senate, the Senate
 7 then receives an identical resolution from
 8 the House of Representatives, the resolu-
 9 tion of the House shall not be debatable.

10 “(iv) CONSIDERATION OF VETO MES-
 11 SAGES.—If the President vetoes a joint
 12 resolution of approval, debate on a veto
 13 message in the Senate shall be 1 hour
 14 equally divided between the majority and
 15 minority leaders or their designees.

16 “(F) RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REP-
 17 RESENTATIVES AND SENATE.—This paragraph
 18 enacted by the Senate and the House of Rep-
 19 resentatives—

20 “(i) as an exercise of the rulemaking
 21 power of the Senate and House, respec-
 22 tively, and as such it is deemed a part of
 23 the rules of each House, respectively, but
 24 applicable only with respect to the proce-
 25 dure to be followed in that House in the

case of a joint resolution of approval, and
it supersedes other rules only to the extent
that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

“(ii) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

“(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) EXPLOSIVE NUCLEAR TESTING.—The term ‘explosive nuclear testing’—

“(i) means testing involving the explosive compression or assembly of fissile material to exceed critical mass with the attendant release of any nuclear energy from fission processes; and

“(ii) does not include subcritical experiments carried out as part of the stockpile stewardship program under section 4201, laser fusion experiments, or other inertial confinement fusion experiments however driven.

“(B) TECHNICAL NEED.—The term ‘technical need’, with respect to explosive nuclear

1 testing, means that all officials specified in sec-
2 tion 4205(b) determine that an explosive nu-
3 clear test is necessary to resolve an issue with
4 respect to the safety, reliability, performance, or
5 military effectiveness of a nuclear weapon
6 type.”.

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