

1 shall commence such an investigation on each occasion
2 that an officer of that agency uses deadly force. Such pro-
3 tocol shall include a requirement that requires that all evi-
4 dence collected shall be made available to the appropriate
5 State and local authorities.

6 **SEC. 3. ROLE OF INSPECTORS GENERAL.**

7 (a) REVIEW OF AGENCY INVESTIGATIONS.—If the in-
8 vestigation is not conducted by the inspector general for
9 that agency then the inspector general shall conduct an
10 independent review of the findings to verify that the inves-
11 tigation was sufficiently thorough, complied with the pro-
12 tocols, and that the findings were adequately supported
13 by the evidence. If the investigation uncovers any wrong-
14 doing, the findings will be reported to proper authorities
15 for appropriate disciplinary action, including prosecution
16 in the case of any criminal activity.

17 (b) COUNCIL TO ESTABLISH UNIFORM PROCE-
18 DURES.—The Council of Inspectors General on Integrity
19 and Efficiency shall establish a uniform, Governmentwide
20 methodology for the reporting of any incident regarding
21 the use of deadly force by an officer of a Federal law en-
22 forcement agency and develop uniform, Governmentwide
23 guidelines for the investigation of such uses of deadly
24 force.

1 **SEC. 4. REPORT.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Council of Inspectors General
3 shall submit a report each calendar quarter including a
4 description of all instances of the use of deadly force by
5 an officer of a Federal law enforcement agency, including
6 any referrals for criminal prosecution, to—

7 (1) the Committee on Oversight and Reform of
8 the House of Representatives;

9 (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and
10 Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

11 (3) the Committees on the Judiciary of the Sen-
12 ate and of the House of Representatives; and

13 (4) the Comptroller General of the United
14 States.

15 (b) DATA COLLECTION.—The data collected and re-
16 ported on under subsection (a) shall—

17 (1) include identifying characteristics of the
18 person who was the target of the use of deadly force
19 and the officer who used deadly force, including—

20 (A) race or ethnicity;

21 (B) gender;

22 (C) approximate age; and

23 (D) the actual or perceived religious affili-
24 ation;

25 (2) include the date, time, and location of such
26 use of deadly force;

1 (3) include the alleged criminal activity of the
2 person who was the target of the use of deadly force;

3 (4) include the nature of the deadly force used,
4 including the use of a firearm;

5 (5) include an explanation, if any, from the rel-
6 evant law enforcement agency on why deadly force
7 was used;

8 (6) include a copy of any use of deadly force
9 guidelines in effect at the relevant law enforcement
10 agency at the time deadly force was used;

11 (7) include a description of any non-lethal ef-
12 forts employed to apprehend or subdue the person
13 who was the target of the use of deadly force before
14 deadly force was used; and

15 (8) not include personally identifiable informa-
16 tion described in section 5.

17 **SEC. 5. LIMITATIONS ON PUBLICATION OF DATA.**

18 The name or identifying information of a law enforce-
19 ment officer, person who was the target of the use of dead-
20 ly force, or any other individual involved in any activity
21 for which data is collected and compiled under this Act
22 shall not be—

23 (1) released to the public;

24 (2) disclosed to any person, except for—

1 (A) such disclosures as are necessary to
2 comply with this Act;

3 (B) disclosures of information regarding a
4 particular person to that person; or

5 (C) disclosures pursuant to litigation; or

6 (3) subject to disclosure under section 552 of
7 title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the
8 Freedom of Information Act), except for disclosures
9 of information regarding a particular person to that
10 person.

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