

119TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 124

Directing the President pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution to remove United States Armed Forces from hostilities against the Houthis in Yemen that have not been authorized by Congress.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 9, 2026

Mr. KHANNA (for himself and Mr. MASSIE) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Directing the President pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution to remove United States Armed Forces from hostilities against the Houthis in Yemen that have not been authorized by Congress.

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring),*

3 **SECTION 1. REMOVAL OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES**
4 **FROM HOSTILITIES AGAINST THE HOUTHIS**
5 **IN THE REPUBLIC OF YEMEN THAT HAVE**
6 **NOT BEEN AUTHORIZED BY CONGRESS.**

7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

1 (1) Congress has the sole power to declare war
2 under article I, section 8 of the Constitution.

3 (2) Congress has not declared war with respect
4 to, or provided any specific statutory authorization
5 for the introduction of United States Armed Forces
6 into hostilities against the Houthis in the Republic
7 of Yemen, including direct United States airstrikes
8 against Yemen's Houthis as well as United States
9 intelligence sharing, targeting support, midair refuel-
10 ing, and other operational participation in Saudi-led
11 airstrikes against Yemen's Houthis.

12 (3) The United States Government conducted
13 unauthorized airstrikes on Houthi targets in Yemen
14 in 2025 and has reportedly considered renewed
15 United States airstrikes against the Houthis in
16 Yemen, while the United States is providing aerial
17 refueling for Saudi warplanes and has expanded in-
18 telligence and targeting support for Saudi airstrikes
19 against the Houthis in Yemen in a newly established
20 joint forces command in Saudi Arabia in which more
21 than 200 United States troops have been introduced.

22 (4) The conflict against the Houthis in Yemen
23 constitutes unauthorized hostilities and section 2(c)
24 of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1541(c))
25 states that the constitutional powers of the Presi-

1 dent as Commander-in-Chief to introduce United
 2 States Armed Forces into hostilities may only be ex-
 3 ercised pursuant to a declaration of war, a specific
 4 statutory authorization, or a national emergency cre-
 5 ated by attack upon the United States, its territories
 6 or possessions, or its Armed Forces.

7 (5) Section 8(c) of the War Powers Resolution
 8 (50 U.S.C. 1547(c)) defines the introduction of
 9 United States Armed Forces to include “the assign-
 10 ment of members of such armed forces to command,
 11 coordinate, participate in the movement of, or ac-
 12 company the regular or irregular military forces of
 13 any foreign country or government when such mili-
 14 tary forces are engaged, or there exists an imminent
 15 threat that such forces will become engaged, in hos-
 16 tilities”.

17 (6) No defense agreement between the United
 18 States and Saudi Arabia provides specific statutory
 19 authorization for the assignment of United States
 20 Forces that are engaged in hostilities or imminent
 21 hostilities against Yemen’s Houthis.

22 (b) REMOVAL OF ARMED FORCES.—Pursuant to sec-
 23 tion 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C.
 24 1544(c)), Congress directs the President to remove United
 25 States Armed Forces from hostilities against the Houthis

1 in the Republic of Yemen that have not been authorized
2 by Congress, unless authorized by a declaration of war or
3 a specific authorization for such use of United States
4 Armed Forces has been enacted into law.

